Purpose

This attachment is to determine the receivables information for proper reporting in the CAFR fund statements and government-wide statements. This attachment is similar to prior year's Attachment 19.

For reporting nonexchange transactions, follow guidelines outlined in <u>GASBS No. 33</u> and <u>GASBS No. 36</u>. Also see the <u>GASBS No. 33</u> Nonexhange Transactions Overview section in this Directive.

Applicable agencies

All agencies with CARS activity for those funds that are not included in the agency submitted financial statement templates **or** supplemental submissions.

Due date

September 2, 2004

Submission requirements

Contact DOA if the agency has any problems with the files.

After downloading the files, rename the spreadsheet file using the agency number followed by Att18. For example, agency 151 should rename its Attachment 18.xls file as 151Att18.xls.

Submit the excel spreadsheet electronically to finrept@doa.virginia.gov.

Copy APA via E-mail to APAFinRept@apa.state.va.us.

Do not submit paper copies of the excel attachment.

Attachment revisions

If attachment revisions are made subsequent to DOA acknowledgement of receipt and acceptance of the original attachment submission, resubmit the revised attachment <u>AND</u> complete the Revision Control Log Tab in the attachment excel file.

Enter the revision date, applicable excel file tab name, row number and column letter revised, and the previous and revised information. Document text changes and numerical changes. Only enter changes for amounts actually keyed. For example, if a non-keyed, calculated total changes as a result of the revision, this does not need to be documented on the Revision Control Log.

If the attachment is revised more than once, do not delete control log revision information from the previous revision. Enter the new revision date and the additional revisions in the rows following the initial revision rows. This log should document all revisions from the initial attachment submission.

Other issues

Certain agencies, such as DOE and DSS, record accounts payable at year-end for program expenditures made to or incurred in political subdivisions. In many instances these programs are jointly funded by a predetermined percentage of state and federal funds. When any such payments are made, the agency must ensure that it records accounts receivables for the earned matching amount not yet drawn down from the other financing source.

Changes for FY 2004

The reporting requirements for this attachment have been modified for FY 2004. The agency is responsible for completing various spreadsheets as described below:

- Receivables as of June 30 Tab, this spreadsheet will automatically populate the fiscal year 2004 receivable balances from the other tabs. The fiscal year 2003 receivable balances will populate based upon the prior year submissions, as adjusted. The fiscal year 2003 balances exclude:
 - 1. amounts reported on financial statement templates or financial statements
 - 2. amounts reported pursuant to the supplemental requirements
 - 3. amounts associated with I (interagency), C (petty cash), T (travel advance), or N (other) receivables
- Expenditure Receivables Tab, agencies must enter the detailed receivable information on this spreadsheet. This spreadsheet is new for fiscal year 2004, and should only be used for expenditure refunds.
- Revenue Receivables Tab, agencies must enter the detailed receivable information on this spreadsheet. This spreadsheet is new for fiscal year 2004, and should include the majority of revenue received from federal reimbursable grants.
- Loans Receivable Tab, agencies must enter the detailed receivable information on this spreadsheet. This spreadsheet is new for fiscal year 2004.
- CARS Tab, agencies must complete this spreadsheet if any amounts reported on the attachment are also reported in CARS. This spreadsheet is new for fiscal year 2004.
- Reconciliation Tab, amounts from Expenditure Receivables Tab, Revenue Receivables Tab, and Loans Receivables Tab will automatically populate. Agencies must enter total amounts for interagency, travel advances and petty cash receivables. Other receivable balances must be aggregated by type and a brief description must be provided. Agencies must also enter total amounts for receivable balances reported on financial statement templates or other submissions.

Agencies must enter the net receivables balance from the Quarterly Accounts Receivable Report as of June 30, 2004. The total amounts reported on the attachment **must** equal the Quarterly Report balance. This spreadsheet is new for fiscal year 2004.

Spreadsheet instructions

The following table provides guidance on the completion of each agency's receivable information.

Step	Action
-	Record the contact information specified on the spreadsheet tabs.
	Note: A control agency can use this spreadsheet to report all amounts for agencies under its control. In most cases the control agency is the same as the agency #; however, some control agencies have various agencies under its control.
	Indicate whether information is recorded on CARS on the applicable spreadsheet tabs. Complete the CARS Tab as instructed.
1	Enter the agency # on the Expenditure Receivables, Revenue
	Receivables, and Loans Receivable tabs (as applicable)
2	Enter the fund / fund detail on the Expenditure Receivables ,
	Revenue Receivables, and Loans Receivable tabs (as applicable).
	This should be entered as a numeric field. When fund / fund detail
	0222 is entered as a numeric field, it will show on the spreadsheet as
	222.
	Note: If a single quote is entered before the number to make it a text
	field, a message will indicate that the value entered is not valid.

Spreadsheet instructions: (continued)

Step	Action	
3	If the receivable relates to an expenditure (i.e. expenditure refund),	
	select the receivable's functional code on the Expenditure	
	Receivables or the Loans Receivable tab (as applicable). This does	
	not have to be entered. A drop-down list is available. Click on the	
	cell, click on the arrow, and click on the function. The expenditure	
	function must correspond to the expenditure function the receivable	
	will be coded to when received. Functional codes are the first	
	number in every program code. For example, program code 1031000	
	"Community Services" would fall under the "Education" function.	
	Each functional code and its corresponding description are below.	
	1-Education	
	3-Administration of Justice	
	4-Individual and Family Services	
	5-Resources and Economic Development	
	6-Transportation	
	7-General Government	
	8-Enterprises	
	9-Capital Outlay	

Spreadsheet instructions: (continued)

Step	Action	
4	Complete steps 4 – 6 for receivables that relate to a revenue item. Record the revenue class to which the receivable will be coded when received on the Revenue Receivables or the Loans Receivable tab (as applicable). The majority of revenue received from federal reimbursable grants should be included. The CAPP Manual, Topic No. 60109 defines a revenue class as the primary designation of revenue source within the revenue source structure. This does not have to be entered. A drop-down list is available. Click on the cell, click on the arrow, scroll down and click on the appropriate revenue class.	
	01-Taxes 02-Rights & Privileges 03-Sales of Property 04-Private Donations 05-Assessments 06-Institutional Revenues 07-Interest, Dividends, & Rents 08-Fines, Forfeitures 09-Other	
	10-Federal Grants (source codes 10000 – 99999) 42-Receipts from Cities/Counties (042XX)	
5	Record the 5-digit revenue source code the receivable will be recorded as when received. This must be entered as a numeric field. When fund 09060 is entered as a numeric field, it will show on the spreadsheet as 9060.	
6	Record the <u>GASBS No. 34</u> revenue classification. This does not have to be entered. A drop-down list is available. Click on the cell, click on the arrow, and click on the function. See the next page for a listing of the classifications. Note: See the <u>GASBS No. 34</u> Government-wide Revenue Classification Table on DOA's website at <u>www.doa.state.va.us</u> for the classification based on agency #, Fund / Fund detail #, and source code. Click on the "Financial Reporting" button, then click on "Financial Statement Directives."	

Spreadsheet instructions: (continued)

Step	Action	
6	GR-Taxes	
(con-	GR-Investment earnings	
tinued)	GR-Grants/Cont. not restricted to S. P.	
	GR-Miscellaneous	
	Endowments/Permanent Fund Principal	
	PR-Chgs/1-Education	
	PR-Chgs/3-Administration of Justice	
	PR-Chgs/4-Individual and Family Services	
	PR-Chgs/5-Resources and Economic Develop	
	PR-Chgs/6-Transportation	
	PR-Chgs/7-General Government	
	PR-Chgs/8-Enterprise	
	PR-Oper/1-Education	
	PR-Oper/3-Administration of Justice	
	PR-Oper/4-Individual and Family Services	
	PR-Oper/5-Resources and Economic Develop	
	PR-Oper/6-Transportation	
	PR-Oper/7-General Government	
	PR-Oper/8-Enterprise	
	PR-Cap/1-Education	
	PR-Cap/3-Administration of Justice	
	PR-Cap/4-Individual and Family Services	
	PR-Cap/5-Resources and Economic Develop	
	PR-Cap/6-Transportation	
	PR-Cap/7-General Government	
	PR-Cap/8-Enterprise	
	Not Applicable – Fiduciary Fund	
	Below is a crosswalk of the acronyms:	
	GR – General Revenues	
	Cont. – Contributions	
	S. P. – Specific Program	
	PR – Program Revenue (These are followed by a function)	
	Charges – Charges for Goods/Services	
	Oper – Operating Grants and Contributions	
	Cap – Capital Grants and Contributions	

Spreadsheet instructions: (continued)

Step	Action		
7-9	These steps are to record receivables as of June		that will be
	received between July 1, 2004 and August 31,		
7	Record the amount of the gross receivable. Rou		earest
	dollar. Gross amounts should be keyed as a pos	sitive.	
	T 1 0100:	1.1 701	
	For example, an agency has \$100 in gross received	ables. The	e agency
0	would record \$100 for this step.		. 11
8	Record the amount of the allowance related to the gross receivable		
	amount recorded in step 7. An allowance is mar		
	of the amount of gross receivables which will be uncollectible. Round to the nearest dollar. Allo		
	should be keyed as a negative .	wance am	ounts
	should be keyed as a negative.		
	For example, the agency has determined that \$2:	5 of the \$1	00 is
	uncollectible. The agency would record a negati		
9	This column is automatically calculated . It is t		
	the allowance amount to show the net receivable		110 01110 1000
	From the previous examples, this would be \$75.		
	Note: Below is an example of the entries DOA		
	the \$75 net receivables related to revenue in the	CAFR for	
	governmental funds:		
	Fund Statements: D	D ebit	Credit
	Receivables, Net	\$75	
	Revenue (by revenue class)		\$75
	Government-wide Statements:		
	Receivables, Net	\$75	
	Revenue (by G'wide classification)		\$75

Spreadsheet instructions: (continued)

Step	Action		
10-13	These steps are to record the additional received after August 31,		June 30,
10	Record the amount of the gross receivable. Round to the nearest dollar. Gross amounts should be keyed as a positive.		nearest
	For example, an agency has additional gross will be collected after August 31, 2004. The \$300 for this step.		
11	Record the amount of the allowance related amount recorded in step 10. An allowance is of the amount of gross receivables which will uncollectible. Round to the nearest dollar. A should be keyed as a negative .	s managements Il be or prove	nt's estimate e to be
	For example, the agency has determined that uncollectible. The agency would record a new transfer of the second se		
12	This column is automatically calculated . It is the gross amount less the allowance amount to show the net receivable amount.		
	From the previous example this would be \$225.		
	Note: Below is an example of the entries DO the \$225 net receivables related to revenue in governmental funds:		
	Fund Statements: Receivables, Net	Debit \$225	Credit
	Deferred Revenue	Ψ223	\$225
	Government-wide Statements: Receivables, Net	\$225	
	Revenue (by G'wide classification)	4	\$225

Spreadsheet instructions: (continued)

Step	Action	
13	Record the amount of the gross receivable and the amount of the	
	allowance reported in steps 10 and 11 that will be received after	
	June 30, 2005 (noncurrent).	
	GASBS No. 34 requires the separate disclosure of noncurrent assets.	
	Per the CAAP Manual section 20505, these receivables are defined	
	as:	
	"That portion of a receivable, which is not a current asset because	
	that portion is <u>due and payable beyond one year</u> . Examples may	
	include, but are not limited to, long term loans and notes, and	
	permanent travel advances (not reflected in CARS petty cash or	
	travel advance accounts)."	

Final instructions

Ensure the totals on the spreadsheets (the totals are automatically calculated at the top of those spreadsheets) are accurate. Complete the **Reconciliation**Tab. Review the **Receivables as of June 30 Tab** and complete the variance explanations, if required.

MAINTAIN DETAIL SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS FOR THE APA TO REVIEW.

Questions

Contact Rob Meinhard of the Department of Accounts by phone at (804) 371-7807 or E-mail at **rob.meinhard@doa.virginia.gov**.